Substance Abuse and the COVID-19 Pandemic

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, public health officials have warned of the potential negative mental health effects the pandemic may have on individuals. As the pandemic continues, worrying statistics about the pandemic's effects on substance abuse and mental health are emerging:



According to the <u>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u>, **40%** of U.S. adults reported struggling with mental health or substance abuse during late June 2020.

Nielsen found that alcohol sales have grown by 27% since March 7, 2020.

Millennium Health, a national lab service, analyzed 500,000 urine drug tests from mid-March through May of this year and found:



A 20% increase in tests for methamphetamine

A 10% increase in tests for cocaine



The <u>University of Baltimore's</u> national tracking system saw an 18% increase in suspected drug overdoses from mid-March through May of this year.



The National Institute of
Environmental Health Sciences
reported a 1,000% increase in
emotional distress reported
to emergency hotlines during
the pandemic.



According to the American
Medical Association, more
than 35 states have reported
increases in opioid-related
deaths so far in 2020.

As the pandemic continues, it's important to prioritize your mental health and to check in on loved ones too.

If you or a loved one is struggling with mental health or substance abuse during these difficult times, you're not alone. Please reach out to a mental health professional or use SAMHSA's National Helpline by calling 800-662-HELP (4357).